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Bismuth Chloride Mediated Synthesis, Antimicrobial, and Anti-Inflammatory Activities of New 4-Aryl-2-Amino Thiazoles

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Synthesis of 4-aryl-2-Amino thiazoles (3a–u), (4a–c), and (5a–c) was achieved from the reaction of 4-butyl phenacyl chlorides (2a–c) with N-substituted thioureas, in the presence of Bismuth Chloride. The antimicrobial and anti-inflammatory activities of the final products were also studied.

Keywords 4-aryl-2-amino thiazoles; 4-butyl phenacyl chlorides; Bismuth chloride

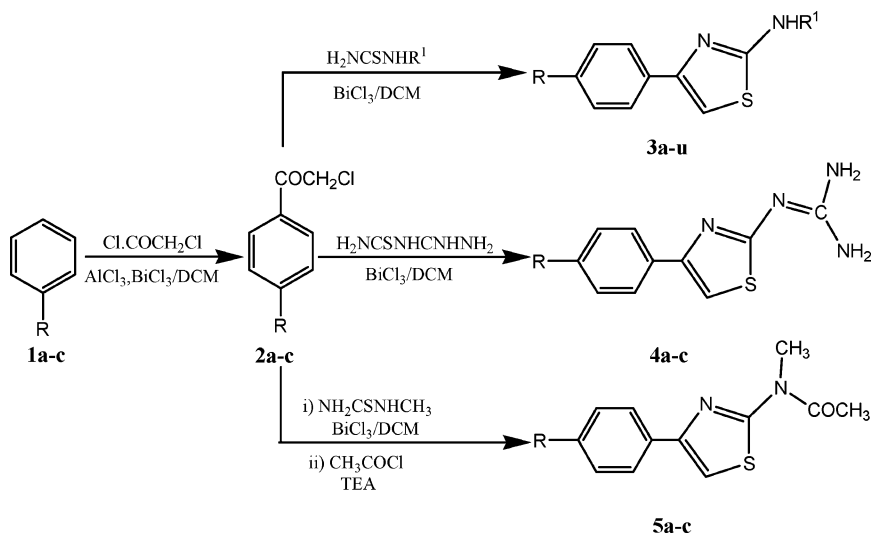
INTRODUCTION

Aminothiazole derivatives exhibit anaesthetic,¹ bactericidal and fungicidal activities.² It is also reported that the derivatives of fluoro-aryl thiazoles are very active, not only as antiarthritic agents, but act as immunomodulators.³ Aryl amino thiazoles also possess cardio tonic and antiallergic activities.⁴

The wide spectrum of biological activities of amino thiazoles incited enthusiasm in us, to synthesize a series of new 4-aryl-2-amino-thiazoles and to study their anti-microbial and anti-inflammatory activities. In the present program, the target 4-aryl-2-aminothiazole derivatives were synthesized by the condensation of substituted phenacyl chlorides with different thioureas. The cyclizing agents tried were poly phosphoric acid (PPA), poly phosphoric ester (PPE), but the yields were not satisfactory and the reaction needs prolonged heating for completion. Therefore, there was a need to search for a better cyclizing agent or catalyst with regards to toxicity, handling, easy availability,

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SCHEME 1 **a** = n-butyl; **b** = isobutyl; and **c** = ter-butyl.

and operational simplicity. Bismuth (III) halides are inexpensive, relatively non-toxic, and insensitive to small amounts of water and environmentally benign reagents, which have been used as mild Lewis catalysts for an array of synthetic organic reactions.⁵

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

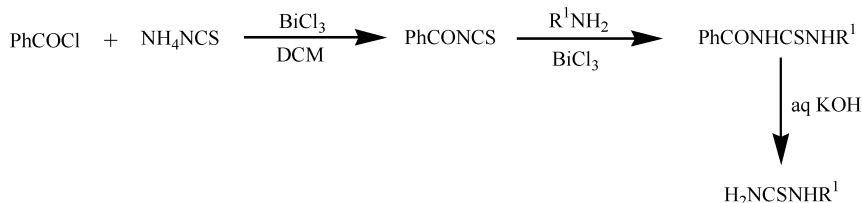
In continuation of our work on synthesis of new heterocyclics,⁶ we are gratified to report the Bismuth chloride mediate synthesis and biological activity of new-4-aryl-2-amino thiazoles herein. It is interesting to note that the yields increased and the reaction times were reduced when BiCl_3 in DCM was employed (Scheme I).

When Guanyl derivative of thiourea reacted with phenacyl chlorides, compounds **4a-c** were obtained. Similarly, compounds **5a-c** were obtained by the acetylation of the products formed when N-methyl urea reacted with compounds **2a-c**. When we attempted to synthesize the unreported p-butyl phenacyl chlorides (**2a-c**), by Friedel-Crafts electrophilic attack of ClCH_2COCl upon butyl benzenes in the presence of AlCl_3 , mixtures of O- & P- substituted products were obtained. However, the yields of Para products increased up to 90–95% by adding catalytic amounts of BiCl_3 . N-substituted thioureas⁷ (Scheme 2) were prepared in the present scheme by an improved method, using BiCl_3 catalyst.

TABLE I Yields and Reaction Times of 4-Aryl-2-N-substituted Amino Thiozoles with Different Cyclizing Agents

| Compound | R | R ¹ | % Yield (Reaction Time in hours) | | |
|-----------|------------|---|----------------------------------|--------------|---------------------------------|
| | | | By using PPA | By using PPE | By using Bicl ₃ /DCM |
| 3a | n-butyl | H | 30 (8) | 42 (6) | 68 (1.0) |
| 3b | iso-butyl | H | 44 (6) | 51 (4) | 90 (1.5) |
| 3c | tert-butyl | H | 37 (5) | 48 (6) | 97 (1.5) |
| 3d | n-butyl | CH ₃ | 23 (7) | 36 (5) | 58 (1.5) |
| 3e | iso-butyl | CH ₃ | 35 (8) | 42 (7) | 78 (1.0) |
| 3f | tert-butyl | CH ₃ | 27 (6) | 48 (5) | 81 (2.0) |
| 3g | n-butyl | Ph | 21 (7) | 16 (4) | 52 (2.0) |
| 3h | iso-butyl | Ph | 23 (8) | 31 (5) | 58 (1.5) |
| 3i | tert-butyl | Ph | 28 (7) | 35 (5) | 60 (1.5) |
| 3j | n-butyl | CH ₂ Ph | 30 (8) | 36 (5) | 68 (2.0) |
| 3k | iso-butyl | CH ₂ Ph | 29 (7) | 27 (6) | 57 (1.5) |
| 3l | tert-butyl | CH ₂ Ph | 32 (6) | 35 (4) | 65 (1.0) |
| 3m | n-butyl | CH ₂ CH ₂ Ph | 28 (7) | 37 (5) | 70 (2.0) |
| 3n | iso-butyl | CH ₂ CH ₂ Ph | 25 (6) | 32 (4) | 60 (1.0) |
| 3o | tert-butyl | CH ₂ CH ₂ Ph | 42 (7) | 38 (5) | 54 (2.0) |
| 3p | n-butyl | CH ₂ CH ₂ -C ₆ H ₄ (OCH ₃)P | 38 (8) | 42 (6) | 77 (2.0) |
| 3q | iso-butyl | CH ₂ CH ₂ -C ₆ H ₄ (OCH ₃)P | 18 (5) | 27 (5) | 54 (2.5) |
| 3r | tert-butyl | CH ₂ CH ₂ -C ₆ H ₄ (OCH ₃)P | 22 (6) | 29 (4) | 62 (2.0) |
| 3s | n-butyl | COCH ₃ | 27 (7) | 32 (4) | 51 (1.5) |
| 3t | iso-butyl | COCH ₃ | 23 (8) | 44 (5) | 55 (2.0) |
| 3u | tert-butyl | COCH ₃ | 32 (6) | 48 (6) | 64 (1.5) |
| 4a | n-butyl | — | 11 (5) | 19 (6) | 42 (15) |
| 4b | iso-butyl | — | 17 (7) | 22 (8) | 35 (1.0) |
| 4c | tert-butyl | — | 28 (8) | 19 (6) | 35 (1.5) |
| 5a | n-butyl | — | 22 (8) | 20 (6) | 41 (1.5) |
| 5b | iso-butyl | — | 16 (7) | 21 (5) | 38 (2.0) |
| 5c | tert-butyl | — | 26 (6) | 23 (6) | 52 (1.0) |

The IR Spectra of Aryl amino thiazoles exhibit absorption band around 3300–3100 cm⁻¹ due to NH bond. The IR spectral band around 1580 ± 10 cm⁻¹ is due to C= =N and C= =C stretching vibrations. The ¹H NMR chemical shifts around δ 7.3–δ 7.9 indicate the aromatic protons of 4-aryl systems. The hetero aromatic proton of the thiazole ring is present at δ 5.5–5.7.⁸ The NH proton appears as a broad singlet around δ 5.2–5.4, which disappears by D₂O exchange. The proton present in the n-butyl side chain of the aromatic ring produces characteristic signals. The benzylic protons appear as triplet near δ 2.5–2.7. The end methyl of n-butyl is observed as triplet at δ 0.8–1.0.



SCHEME 2

Similarly, characteristic signals are observed in ^1H NMR for isobutyl side chain. The benzylic protons appear as a doublet around δ 2.5–2.6. The methyl proton is observed as a multiplet around δ 1.8–2.0. The gem dimethyls are seen around δ 0.9–1.0 as a doublet. The ter-butyl protons are observed as a singlet at δ 2.2–2.5 and the N-CH₃ protons appear as a singlet at δ 3.8. The mass spectra show intense molecular ion peaks along with prominent $M + 2$ peaks. The general fragmentation includes the loss of alkyl side chains.

CONCLUSION

In conclusion, BiCl_3 acts as an efficient catalyst for the synthesis of 4-aryl-2-amino thiazoles. BiCl_3 catalyst is much better than PPA and PPE, in terms of increased yields, decreased reaction timing, ease of operation, and in non-toxic character.

ANTIMICROBIAL ACTIVITY

The elementary antibacterial⁹ and antifungal¹⁰ screening tests were conducted following the standard methods (Table II). The gram-negative bacteria used were *Escherichia coli* (E.C) and *pseudomonas aeruginosa* (P.A), and *Bacillus subtilis* (B.S) and *Staphylococcus aureus* (S.A) were the gram-positive bacteria used. Ciprofloxacin (CF) was used as reference standard for antibacterial activity. The fungus used for testing was *Candida albicans* (C.A). Fluconazole (FZ) was employed as a reference standard for anti-fungal activity.

All the substituted thiazoles exhibit lower antibacterial activity when compared to the standard. But, many of these final compounds exhibit strong anti-fungal activity of comparable range with that of the reference standard namely, the Fluconazole.

ANTI-INFLAMMATORY ACTIVITY

Screening test of all the substituted thiazoles for anti-inflammatory activity was conducted by carrageenin-induced rat-paw edema model,¹¹

TABLE II Antimicrobial Activity Studies of 4-Aryl-2-N-Substituted Amino Thiozoles

| Compound | Concentration $\mu\text{g/ml}$ | Antibacterial activity zone diameter (mm) | | | | Anti-fungal activity zone diameter (mm) CA |
|-----------|--------------------------------|---|-----|------|------|--|
| | | BS | SA | EC | PA | |
| 3a | 100 | 8.5 | 8.0 | 11.5 | 12.0 | 9.5 |
| | 500 | 9.0 | 8.5 | 12.0 | 13.0 | 10.0 |
| 3b | 100 | 8.5 | 8.5 | 13.0 | 12.5 | 10.0 |
| | 500 | 9.0 | 9.0 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 10.5 |
| 3c | 100 | 8.0 | 8.0 | 12.0 | 13.0 | 11.0 |
| | 500 | 8.5 | 8.5 | 12.5 | 13.5 | 11.5 |
| 3d | 100 | 8.5 | 8.0 | 11.5 | 12.0 | 12.0 |
| | 500 | 9.0 | 9.0 | 12.5 | 13.0 | 12.5 |
| 3e | 100 | 8.0 | 9.0 | 11.5 | 12.0 | 11.0 |
| | 500 | 8.5 | 9.5 | 12.0 | 13.0 | 11.5 |
| 3f | 100 | 8.0 | 9.0 | 11.0 | 12.0 | 11.0 |
| | 500 | 8.5 | 9.5 | 12.5 | 12.5 | 12.0 |
| 3g | 100 | 9.0 | 8.0 | 12.0 | 12.0 | 8.5 |
| | 500 | 9.5 | 8.5 | 13.0 | 12.5 | 10.0 |
| 3h | 100 | 8.5 | 8.0 | 11.0 | 12.0 | 9.0 |
| | 500 | 9.0 | 9.0 | 12.0 | 13.0 | 10.0 |
| 3i | 100 | 8.0 | 9.0 | 11.0 | 12.0 | 11.0 |
| | 500 | 8.5 | 9.5 | 11.5 | 12.5 | 11.5 |
| 3j | 100 | 7.0 | 7.5 | 10.5 | 11.5 | 10.0 |
| | 500 | 7.5 | 8.0 | 11.0 | 12.5 | 10.5 |
| 3k | 100 | 8.0 | 7.5 | 11.0 | 12.0 | 9.5 |
| | 500 | 8.5 | 8.5 | 11.5 | 12.5 | 10.0 |
| 3l | 100 | 8.0 | 8.0 | 11.5 | 12.0 | 9.0 |
| | 500 | 9.0 | 8.5 | 12.0 | 13.0 | 10.0 |
| 3m | 100 | 8.5 | 8.0 | 11.0 | 12.0 | 10.0 |
| | 500 | 9.5 | 8.5 | 11.5 | 12.5 | 10.5 |
| 3n | 100 | 8.0 | 8.5 | 11.0 | 12.0 | 9.0 |
| | 500 | 8.5 | 9.5 | 12.0 | 13.0 | 9.5 |
| 3o | 100 | 9.0 | 9.5 | 11.5 | 11.0 | 11.0 |
| | 500 | 9.5 | 9.5 | 12.0 | 12.0 | 11.5 |
| 3p | 100 | 8.0 | 8.5 | 11.5 | 11.0 | 8.5 |
| | 500 | 8.5 | 8.5 | 12.5 | 12.5 | 9.0 |
| 3q | 100 | 7.5 | 8.0 | 10.5 | 11.0 | 10.0 |
| | 500 | 7.5 | 8.5 | 11.0 | 11.5 | 11.0 |
| 3r | 100 | 8.0 | 7.5 | 9.0 | 11.0 | 8.0 |
| | 500 | 9.0 | 8.5 | 9.5 | 11.5 | 9.0 |
| 3s | 100 | 8.0 | 8.0 | 9.0 | 11.0 | 9.5 |
| | 500 | 8.5 | 9.0 | 9.5 | 12.0 | 10.0 |
| 3t | 100 | 7.5 | 8.5 | 11.5 | 12.0 | 12.0 |
| | 500 | 8.0 | 9.5 | 12.0 | 12.5 | 12.5 |
| 3u | 100 | 8.0 | 9.0 | 11.0 | 11.5 | 11.5 |
| | 500 | 8.5 | 9.5 | 12.0 | 12.5 | 12.0 |

(continued on next page)

TABLE II Antimicrobial Activity Studies of 4-Aryl-2-N-Substituted Amino Thiozoles (*Continued*)

| Compound | Concentration $\mu\text{g/ml}$ | Antibacterial activity zone diameter (mm) | | | | Anti-fungal activity zone diameter (mm) |
|-----------|--------------------------------|---|------|------|------|---|
| | | BS | SA | EC | PA | CA |
| 4a | 100 | 6.5 | 7.0 | 11.0 | 11.5 | 10.0 |
| | 500 | 7.5 | 8.0 | 12.0 | 12.5 | 10.5 |
| 4b | 100 | 8.0 | 8.0 | 11.5 | 11.0 | 12.0 |
| | 500 | 8.5 | 8.5 | 12.0 | 12.0 | 12.5 |
| 4c | 100 | 7.5 | 8.0 | 11.5 | 11.0 | 12.0 |
| | 500 | 8.5 | 9.0 | 12.5 | 12.0 | 11.5 |
| 5a | 100 | 7.0 | 7.5 | 11.0 | 11.5 | 10.5 |
| | 500 | 8.0 | 8.5 | 12.0 | 12.5 | 11.0 |
| 5b | 100 | 8.0 | 8.5 | 11.5 | 11.0 | 9.0 |
| | 500 | 9.0 | 9.5 | 12.0 | 12.0 | 9.5 |
| 5c | 100 | 7.5 | 8.0 | 11.0 | 11.5 | 10.0 |
| | 500 | 8.0 | 9.0 | 12.0 | 12.0 | 11.0 |
| CF | 100 | 23.5 | 10.5 | 24.0 | 19.5 | — |
| | 500 | 28.5 | 13.5 | 28.0 | 23.5 | — |
| FZ | 100 | — | — | — | — | 12.0 |
| | 500 | — | — | — | — | 13.5 |

by employing 0.5% carboxymethyl cellulose as vehicle. The percent reduction in inflammation was calculated with respect to vehicle treated control values (Table III). All these new molecules exhibit moderate anti-inflammatory activity.

EXPERIMENTAL

The melting points were uncorrected. CHNSO analysis was done by Carlo Erba EA 1108 automatic elemental analyzer. I.R Spectra were recorded by Shimadzu FTIR-8108 instrument. ^1H NMR spectra were recorded on Varian Gemini FT NMR 200 MHz instrument. Mass spectra were recorded on Hewlett Packard MSEM-5989 spectrometer.

Preparation of New Phenacyl Chlorides (2a–c)—General Procedure

4-Substituted benzene (50.0 mmol) was added to a stirred mixture of anhydrous aluminum chloride (60.0 mmol), Bismuth trichloride 3.153 g (10.0 mmol) and chloroacetyl chloride 11.29 g (100.0 mmol) in Dichloromethane (125 ml) at 0–5°C. The reaction mass was stirred at 0–5°C for 3–4 h. After the reaction was over, it was poured into ice-cold

TABLE III Anti-inflammatory Activity

| S. no. | Compound | Dose mg/kg/po | Inhibition (%) |
|--------|----------|---------------|----------------|
| 1. | 3a | 100 | 21 |
| 2. | 3b | 100 | 20 |
| 3. | 3c | 100 | 30 |
| 4. | 3d | 100 | 12 |
| 5. | 3e | 100 | 18 |
| 6. | 3f | 100 | 16 |
| 7. | 3g | 100 | 20 |
| 8. | 3h | 100 | 24 |
| 9. | 3i | 100 | 33 |
| 10. | 3j | 100 | 16 |
| 11. | 3k | 100 | 12 |
| 12. | 3l | 100 | 15 |
| 13. | 3m | 100 | — |
| 14. | 3n | 100 | 31 |
| 15. | 3o | 100 | 15 |
| 16. | 3p | 100 | 26 |
| 17. | 3q | 100 | 19 |
| 18. | 3r | 100 | — |
| 19. | 3s | 100 | 18 |
| 20. | 3t | 100 | 11 |
| 21. | 3u | 100 | — |
| 22. | 4a | 100 | 30 |
| 23. | 4b | 100 | 32 |
| 24. | 4c | 100 | 35 |
| 25. | 5a | 100 | 40 |
| 26. | 5b | 100 | 41 |
| 27. | 5c | 100 | 48 |

water to decompose in aluminum chloride. The organic layer was separated and dichloromethane was completely distilled off under vacuum to get the corresponding phenacyl chloride.

4-(N-butyl) Phenacyl Chloride (2a)

86%. (Found: C, 68.41; H, 7.12; Cl, 16.85%. $C_{12}H_{15}OCl$ requires C, 68.40; H, 7.12; Cl, 16.86%). **IR (KBr, cm^{-1}):** 1701–1685(C=O), 1605, (C=C). **PMR ($CDCl_3$, δ ppm):** 7.85 (d, 2H, Ar-H ortho to C=O), 7.25 (d, 2H, Ar-H meta to C=O), 4.7 (s, 2H, $COCH_2$), 2.6–2.7 (t, 2H, benzylic), 1.5–1.7 (m, 2H, $-CH_2$), 1.2–1.5 (m, 2H, $-CH_2$), 0.85–1.0 (t, 3H, CH_3). **Mass (m/z):** 210(M^+ ; 3), 161 ($M-CH_2Cl$, 100), 133 (161-CO, 9).

4-(Isobutyl) Phenacyl Chloride (2b)

87%. (Found: C, 68.42; H, 7.11; Cl, 16.87%. $C_{12}H_{15}OCl$ requires C, 68.40; H, 7.12; Cl, 16.86%). **IR (KBr, cm^{-1}):** 1701–1685(C=O), 1605, (C=C). **PMR ($CDCl_3$, δ ppm):** 7.9 (d, 2H, Ar-H ortho to C=O), 7.3

(d, 2H, Ar-H meta to C=O), 4.7 (s, 2H, COCH₂), 2.5–2.6 (d, 2H, benzylic), 1.8–2.0 (m, 1H, -CH(CH₃)₂), 0.9–1.0 (d, 6H, -CH₃). **Mass (m/z):** 210(M⁺; 3), 167 (M- C₃H₇, 3), 161 (M-CH₂Cl, 100), 133 (161-CO, 10).

4-(*Ter-butyl*) Phenacyl Chloride (2c)

92%. (Found: C, 68.39; H, 7.13; Cl, 16.87% C₁₂H₁₅OCl requires C, 68.40; H, 7.12; Cl, 16.86%). **IR (KBr, cm⁻¹):** 1701–1685(C=O), 1605, (C=C). **PMR (CDCl₃, δ ppm):** 7.9 (d, 2H, Ar-H ortho to C=O), 7.5 (d, 2H, Ar-H meta to C=O), 4.7 (s, 2H, COCH₂), 1.35 (s, 9H, CH₃). **Mass (m/z):** 210(M⁺; 2), 195 (M- CH₃, 15), 161 (M-CH₂Cl, 100), 146(161- CH₃, 15), 133(161-CO, 5).

Preparation of 2-Amino-4-Aryl Thiazole Derivatives (3a-u): General Procedure

Thiourea 3.80 g (50.0 mmol), phenacyl chloride (50.0 mmol) along with BiCl₃ 3.153 g (10.0 mmol) and 60 ml of Dichloromethane was charged and the reaction mixture was stirred for an additional 30 min at the same temperature. The temperature was raised to reflux, and the reaction mixture was maintained at reflux for 1 to 2 h. Then, it was cooled to ambient temperature and poured into ice-cold water. The product was then separated by ether extraction and evaporation. The product was washed with 10% sodium hydroxide solution followed by water until washing were neutral to P^H and then dried. The product were recrystallized from aqueous methanol.

2-Amino-4-/(4-*N*-butyl) Phenyl/Thiazole (3a)

(68%), m.p. 234–238°C. (Found C, 67.27; H, 6.90; N, 12.07; S, 13.77%. C₁₃H₁₆N₂S requires C, 67.24; H, 6.89; N, 12.06; S, 13.79%). **(IR cm⁻¹):** 3363–3069 (NH), 1640–1620 (C=C, C=N), 1575, 1560. **PMR (CDCl₃, δ ppm):** 8.5–9.3 (br, s, 2H, NH₂), 7.7 (d, 2H, Ar-H, ortho to thiazole), 7.30 (d, 2H, ortho to butyl), 7.2 (s, 1H, thiazole-H), 2.6–2.8 (t, 2H, benzylic), 1.5–1.7 (m, 2H, CH₂), 1.25–1.45 (m, 2H, CH₂), 0.8–1.0 (t, 3H, CH₃). **Mass (m/z):** 232 (M⁺; 68), 203 (M-C₂H₅, 4), 189 (M-C₃H₇, 100).

2-Amino-4-/(4-*Iso*-butyl) Phenyl/Thiazole (3b)

(90%), m.p. 112–116°C. (Found C, 67.25; H, 6.90; N, 12.03; S, 13.76%. C₁₃H₁₆N₂S requires C, 67.24; H, 6.89; N, 12.06; S, 13.79%). **(IR cm⁻¹):** 3313–3107, 1630, 1598, and 1536. **PMR (CDCl₃, δ ppm):** 5.2–5.4 (br, s, 2H, NH₂), 7.7 (d, 2H, Ar-H, ortho to thiazole), 7.20 (d, 2H, ortho to iso butyl), 6.7 (s, 1H, thiazole-H), 2.5 (d, 2H, benzylic), 1.8 (m, 1H, CH(CH₃)₂), 0.9 (d, 6H, CH₃). **Mass (m/z):** 232 (M⁺; 47), 217 (M-CH₃, 40), 203 (M-C₂H₅, 4), 189 (M-C₃H₇, 100), 147 (189-NCN H₂, 13).

2-Amino-4-/(4-Ter-butyl) Phenyl/Thiazole (3c)

(97%), m.p. 228–230°C. (Found C, 67.26; H, 6.89; N, 12.0; S, 13.77%. $C_{13}H_{16}N_2S$ requires C, 67.24; H, 6.89; N, 12.06; S, 13.79%). **IR** (cm^{-1}): 3450–3100, 1628, 1606, 1570, 1530. **PMR** ($DMSO-d_6$, δ ppm): 8.2–8.6 (br, s, 2H, NH_2 disappeared with D_2O), 7.7 (d, 2H, Ar-H, ortho to thiazole), 7.45 (d, 2H, ortho to ter-butyl), 7.1 (s, 1H, thiazole-H), 1.3 (s, 9H, CH_3). **Mass** (m/z): 232 (M^+ ; 60), 217 ($M-CH_3$, 100), 175 ($M-C_4H_9$, 5), 142 (217- $HNCSNH_2$, 15).

4-/(4-N-butyl) Phenyl/-2-(N-methyl Amino) Thiazole (3d)

(58%), m.p. 93–95°C. (Found C, 68.31; H, 7.30; N, 11.39; S, 12.98%. $C_{14}H_{18}N_2S$ requires C, 68.29; H, 7.31; N, 11.38; S, 13.00%). **IR** (cm^{-1}): 3210–3190, 1589, 1570, and 1491. **PMR** ($CDCl_3$, δ ppm): 7.7 (d, 2H, Ar-H ortho to thiazole), 7.2 (d, 2H, Ar-H ortho to butyl), 6.65(s, 1H, thiazole-H), 6.15 (br, s, 1H, NH), 2.95(s, 3H, N- CH_3), 2.65(t, 2H, benzylic), 1.5–1.7(m, 2H, CH_2), 1.3–1.5(m, 2H, CH_2), 0.9–1.0(t, 3H, CH_3). **Mass** (m/z): 246(M^+ ; 72), 218 ($M-C_2H_4$, 8), 203($M-C_3H_7$, 100), 147 (203- $NCNHCH_3$, 8).

4-/(4-Iso-butyl) Phenyl/-2-(N-methyl Amino) Thiazole (3e)

(78%), m.p. 118–119°C. (Found C, 68.27; H, 7.33; N, 11.36; S, 13.02%. $C_{14}H_{18}N_2S$ requires C, 68.29; H, 7.31; N, 11.38; S, 13.00%). **IR** (cm^{-1}): 3268, 1581, 1570, 1492, 1465. **PMR** ($CDCl_3$, δ ppm): 7.7 (d, 2H, Ar-H ortho to thiazole), 7.15 (d, 2H, Ar-H ortho to isobutyl), 6.65(s, 1H, thiazole-H), 6.0 (br, s, 1H, NH), 2.95(s, 3H, N- CH_3), 2.5(d, 2H, benzylic), 1.8–2.0(m, 1H, $-CH(CH_3)_2$), 0.95(d, 6H, CH_3). **Mass** (m/z): 246(M^+ ; 74), 203 ($M-C_3H_7$, 100), 174(203- HCN, H_2 , 3), 149(203- $NCNCH_2$, 5).

4-/(4-Ter-butyl) Phenyl/-2-(N-methyl Amino) Thiazole (3f)

(81%), m.p. 124–128°C. (Found C, 68.27; H, 7.33; N, 11.37; S, 13.01%. $C_{14}H_{18}N_2S$ requires C, 68.29; H, 7.31; N, 11.38; S, 13.00%). **IR** (cm^{-1}): 3214–3130, 1587, 1566, 1507, 1491. **PMR** ($CDCl_3$, δ ppm): 7.75 (d, 2H, Ar-H ortho to thiazole), 7.4 (d, 2H, Ar-H ortho to ter-butyl), 6.65(s, 1H, thiazole-H), 5.75 (br, s, 1H, NH), 3.0(s, 3H, N- CH_3), 1.35(s, 9H, CH_3). **Mass** (m/z): 246(M^+ ; 72), 231($M-CH_3$, 100), 216 ($M-C_2H_6$, 8), 203($M-C_3H_7$, 16), 190($M-C_4H_8$, 9).

4-/(4-N-butyl) Phenyl/-2-(N-phenyl Amino) Thiazole (3g)

(52%), m.p. 162–166°C. (Found C, 74.01; H, 6.48; N, 9.08; S, 10.39%. $C_{19}H_{20}N_2S$ requires C, 74.02; H, 6.49; N, 9.09; S, 10.38%). **IR** (cm^{-1}): 3242–3188, 1620, 1604, 1578, 1498. **PMR** ($CDCl_3$, δ ppm): 7.75 (d, 2H, H-7, H-11), 7.45 (m, 5H, N- C_6H_5), 7.1–7.3(d, 2H, H-8, H-10, 1H,

thiazole-H), 6.7 (s, 1H, NH disappeared with D₂O), 2.65(t, 2H, CH₂), 1.65(m, 2H, CH₂), 1.35(m, 2H, CH₂), 0.95(t, 3H, CH₃), **Mass (m/z)**: 308 (M⁺; 100), 265 (M-C₃H₇, 71), 187(265-C₆H₆, 3).

4-/(4-Iso-butyl) Phenyl/-2-(N-phenyl Amino) Thiazole (3h)

(58%), m.p. 169–173°C. (Found C, 74.00; H, 6.47; N, 9.10; S, 10.36%. C₁₉H₂₀N₂S requires C, 74.02; H, 6.49; N, 9.09; S, 10.38%). **IR (cm⁻¹)**: 3244–3042, 1623, 1592, 1567, 1499. **PMR (CDCl₃, δ ppm)**: 7.75 (d, 2H, H-7, H-11), 7.45 (m, 5H, N-C₆H₅), 7.25 (d, 2H, H-8, H-10, 1H, thiazole-H), 6.65 (s, 1H, NH disappeared with D₂O), 2.55(d, 2H, CH₂), 1.9(m, 1H, -CH(CH₃)₂), 0.95(d, 6H, CH₃), **Mass (m/z)**: 308 (M⁺; 89), 265 (M-C₃H₇, 100).

4-/(4-Ter-butyl) Phenyl/-2-(N-phenyl Amino) Thiazole (3i)

(60%), m.p. 136–140°C. (Found C, 74.01; H, 6.48; N, 9.09; S, 10.39%. C₁₉H₂₀N₂S requires C, 74.02; H, 6.49; N, 9.09; S, 10.38%). **IR (cm⁻¹)**: 3208–3111, 1589, 1561, 1496. **PMR (CDCl₃, δ ppm)**: 7.8 (d, 2H, H-7, H-11), 7.4 (m, 5H, N-C₆H₅, and 2H, H-8, H-10, 1H, thiazole-H), 6.8 (s, 1H, thiazole-H), 1.35(s, 9H, CH₃), **Mass (m/z)**: 308 (M⁺; 98), 293 (M-CH₃, 100), 265 (293-C₂H₄, 12), 251 (M-C₄H₉, 5).

4-/(4-N-butyl) Phenyl/-2-(N-benzyl Amino) Thiazole (3j)

(68%), m.p. 120–122°C. (Found C, 74.55; H, 6.81; N, 8.67; S, 9.91%. C₂₀H₂₂N₂S requires C, 74.53; H, 6.83; N, 8.69; S, 9.93%). **IR (cm⁻¹)**: 3242–3188, 1620, 1604, 1579, 1443. **PMR (CDCl₃, δ ppm)**: 7.65 (d, 2H, H-7, H-11), 7.4 (s, 5H, N-C₆H₅), 7.25 (d, 2H, H-8, H-10), 6.5 (s, 1H, thiazole-H), 10.35 (s, 1H, NH disappeared with D₂O), 4.55 (d, 2H, NHCH₂, coalesced to singlet with D₂O exchange) 2.65(t, 2H, CH₂, benzylic), 1.6 (m, 2H, CH₂), 1.35(m, 2H, CH₂), 0.95(t, 3H, CH₃), **Mass (m/z)**: 322 (M⁺; 74), 279 (M-C₃H₇, 10), 218(M-C₆H₅CN, H, 16), 91(C₇H₇, 100).

4-/(4-Iso-butyl) Phenyl/-2-(N-benzyl Amino) Thiazole (3k)

(57%), m.p. 113–116°C. (Found C, 74.51; H, 6.83; N, 8.68; S, 9.95%. C₂₀H₂₂N₂S requires C, 74.53; H, 6.83; N, 8.69; S, 9.93%). **IR (cm⁻¹)**: 3244–3042, 1623, 1592, 1567, 1499. **PMR (CDCl₃, δ ppm)**: 7.7 (d, 2H, H-7, H-11), 7.35 (s, 5H, N-C₆H₅), 7.1 (d, 2H, H-8, H-10), 6.65 (s, 1H, thiazole-H), 5.8 (br, 1H, NH disappeared with D₂O), 4.5 (d, 2H, NHCH₂, coalesced to singlet with D₂O exchange) 2.5(d, 2H, CH₂, benzylic), 1.9 (m, 1H, CH(CH₃)₂), 0.95 (d, 6H, CH₃), **Mass (m/z)**: 322 (M⁺; 74), 279 (M-C₃H₇, 10), 218(M-C₆H₅CN, H, 16), 91(C₇H₇, 100).

4-/(4-Ter-butyl) Phenyl/-2-(N-benzyl Amino) Thiazole (3l)

(65%), m.p. 173–176°C. (Found C, 74.52; H, 6.84; N, 8.68; S, 9.94%. $C_{20}H_{22}N_2S$ requires C, 74.53; H, 6.83; N, 8.69; S, 9.93%). **IR** (cm^{-1}): 3208–3111, 1589, 1561, 1496. **PMR** ($CDCl_3$, δ ppm): 7.8 (d, 2H, H-7, H-11), 7.1 (s, 5H, $-C_6H_5$), 7.3 (d, 2H, H-8, H-10), 6.7 (s, 1H, thiazole-H), 5.6 (br, 1H, NH disappeared with D_2O), 2.3 (d, 2H, coalesced to singlet with D_2O exchange) 1.4 (s, 9H, CH_3). **Mass** (m/z): 322 (M^+ ; 28), 265 ($M-C_4H_9$, 10), 91(C_7H_7 , 100).

4-/(4-N-butyl) Phenyl/-2-/N- (2-Phenyl) Ethyl Amino/ Thiazole (3m)

(70%), m.p. 126–129°C. (Found C, 74.97; H, 7.15; N, 8.31; S, 9.5%. $C_{21}H_{24}N_2S$ requires C, 74.99; H, 7.14; N, 8.33; S, 9.52%). **IR** (cm^{-1}): 3204–3125, 1591, 1493. **PMR** ($CDCl_3$, δ ppm): 7.7 (d, 2H, H-7, H-11), 7.1–7.4 (m, 5H, $N-C_6H_5$, and 2H, H-8, H-10), 6.65 (s, 1H, thiazole-H), 5.4 (br, s, 1H, NH disappeared with D_2O), 3.55 (q, 2H, $NHCH_2$, coalesced to triplet with D_2O exchange), 3.0 (t, 2H, NCH_2CH_2), 2.65 (t, 2H, CH_2 , benzylic), 1.65 (m, 2H, CH_2), 1.35 (m, 2H, CH_2), 0.95 (t, 3H, CH_3). **Mass** (m/z): 336 (M^+ ; 54), 245 ($M-C_7H_7$, 100), 232 ($M-C_8H_8$, 94), 189 ($245-C_4H_8$, 40).

4-/(4-Iso-butyl) Phenyl/-2-/N- (2-Phenyl) Ethyl Amino/ Thiazole (3n)

(60%), m.p. 107–109°C. (Found C, 75.01; H, 7.13; N, 8.35; S, 9.54%. $C_{21}H_{24}N_2S$ requires C, 74.99; H, 7.14; N, 8.33; S, 9.52%). **IR** (cm^{-1}): 3208, 1583, 1570, 1508, 1495. **PMR** ($CDCl_3$, δ ppm): 7.7 (d, 2H, H-7, H-11), 7.1–7.4 (m, 5H, C_6H_5 , and 2H, H-8, H-10), 6.65 (s, 1H, thiazole-H), 5.9 (br, s, 1H, NH disappeared with D_2O), 3.6 (t, 2H, $NHCH_2$), 3.0 (t, 2H, NCH_2CH_2), 2.5 (d, 2H, CH_2 , benzylic), 1.9 (m, 1H, $CH(CH_3)_2$), 0.95 (d, 6H, CH_3). **Mass** (m/z): 336 (M^+ ; 62), 293 ($M-C_3H_7$, 12), 245 ($M-C_7H_7$, 96), 232 ($M-C_8H_8$, 100), 189 ($245-C_4H_8$, 45).

4-/(4-Ter-butyl) Phenyl/-2-/N- (2-Phenyl) Ethyl Amino/ Thiazole (3o)

(54%), m.p. 147–149°C. (Found C, 74.96; H, 7.12; N, 8.35; S, 9.55%. $C_{21}H_{24}N_2S$ requires C, 74.99; H, 7.14; N, 8.33; S, 9.52%). **IR** (cm^{-1}): 3211, 1587, 1495, and 1473. **PMR** ($CDCl_3$, δ ppm): 7.8 (d, 2H, H-7, H-11), 7.4 (d, 2H, H-8, H-10), 7.2–7.3 (m, 5H, C_6H_5), 6.7 (s, 1H, thiazole-H), 5.5 (br, s, 1H, NH disappeared with D_2O), 3.6 (q, 2H, $NHCH_2$, coalesced to triplet with D_2O exchange), 3.0 (t, 2H, NCH_2CH_2), 1.4 (s, 9H, CH_3). **Mass** (m/z): 336 (M^+ ; 64), 321 ($M-CH_3$, 10), 245 ($M-C_7H_7$, 73), 232 ($M-C_8H_8$, 100), 189 ($245-C_4H_8$, 43).

4-/(4-N-butyl) Phenyl/-2-/N- (2-(4-Methoxyphenyl) Ethyl) Amino/Thiazole (3p)

(77%), m.p. 108–110°C. (Found C, 72.15; H, 7.11; N, 7.62; S, 8.76%. $C_{22}H_{26}N_2OS$ requires C, 72.13; H, 7.10; N, 7.65; S, 8.74%). **IR** (cm^{-1}): 3208, 1610, 1591, 1512, and 1491. **PMR** ($CDCl_3$, δ ppm): 7.8 (d, 2H, H-7, H-11), 6.9 (d, 2H, H-8, H-10), 7.1–7.3(m, 4H, H-18, H-19, H-21 and H-22), 6.65 (s, 1H, thiazole-H), 5.6 (br, s, 1H, NH disappeared with D_2O), 3.8 (s, 3H, OCH_3), 3.55 (q, 2H, $NHCH_2$, coalesced to triplet with D_2O exchange), 2.95 (t, 2H, NCH_2CH_2), 2.65 (t, 2H, benzylic), 1.65 (m, 2H, CH_2), 1.4(m, 2H, CH_2), 1.0(t, 3H, CH_3), **Mass** (m/z): 336 (M^+ ; 10), 245 ($M-C_8H_9O$, 100), 232($M-C_9H_{10}O$, 100), 189(245- C_4H_8 , 28).

4-/(4-Iso-butyl) Phenyl/-2-/N- (2-(4-Methoxyphenyl) Ethyl) Amino/Thiazole (3q)

(54%), m.p. 95–98°C. (Found C, 72.11; H, 7.09; N, 7.66; S, 8.72%. $C_{22}H_{26}N_2OS$ requires C, 72.13; H, 7.10; N, 7.65; S, 8.74%). **IR** (cm^{-1}): 3383, 3208, 1612, 1585, 1556, 1512, 1491. **PMR** ($CDCl_3$, δ ppm): 7.7 (d, 2H, H-7, H-11), 6.85 (d, 2H, H-8, H-10), 7.1–7.2(m, 4H, H-18, H-19, H-21 and H-22), 6.65 (s, 1H, thiazole-H), 5.45 (br, s, 1H, NH disappeared with D_2O), 3.8 (s, 3H, OCH_3), 3.5 (q, 2H, $NHCH_2$, coalesced to triplet with D_2O exchange), 2.95 (t, 2H, NCH_2CH_2), 2.6 (t, 2H, benzylic), 1.9 (m, 1H, $CH(CH_3)_2$), 0.95 (d, 6H, CH_3), **Mass** (m/z): 336 (M^+ ; 10), 245 ($M-C_8H_9O$, 17), 232 ($M-C_9H_{10}O$, 100), 189(245- C_4H_8 , 35).

4-/(4-Ter-butyl) Phenyl/-2-/N- (2-(4-Methoxyphenyl) Ethyl) Amino/Thiazole (3r)

(62%), m.p. 124–127°C. (Found C, 72.10; H, 7.13; N, 7.67; S, 8.75%. $C_{22}H_{26}N_2OS$ requires C, 72.13; H, 7.10; N, 7.65; S, 8.74%). **IR** (cm^{-1}): 3285, 1612, 1564, 1512, and 1489. **PMR** ($CDCl_3$, δ ppm): 7.8 (d, 2H, H-7, H-11), 7.4 (d, 2H, H-8, H-10), 7.1(d, 2H, H-19, H-21), 6.9 (d, 2H, H-18, H-22), 6.7 (s, 1H, thiazole-H), 5.7 (br, s, 1H, NH disappeared with D_2O), 3.8 (s, 3H, OCH_3), 3.5 (q, 2H, $NHCH_2$, coalesced to triplet with D_2O exchange), 2.9 (t, 2H, NCH_2CH_2), 1.4 (s, 9H, CH_3), **Mass** (m/z): 336 (M^+ ; 10), 245 ($M-C_8H_9O$, 10), 232 ($M-C_9H_{10}O$, 100), 189(245- C_4H_8 , 15).

4-/(4-n-Butyl) Phenyl/-2- (N-Acetyl Amino) Thiazole (3s)

(51%), m.p. 191–193°C. (Found C, 65.65; H, 6.55; N, 10.22; S, 11.7%. $C_{15}H_{18}N_2OS$ requires C, 65.69; H, 6.56; N, 10.21; S, 11.67%). **IR** (cm^{-1}): 3237 (NH), 1654 ($C=O$), 1575, 1557, and 1490. **PMR** ($CDCl_3$, δ ppm): 7.7 (d, 2H, Ar-H ortho to thiazole), 7.3 (d, 2H, Ar-H ortho to n-butyl), 6.8 (s, 1H, thiazole-H), 6.4 (br, s, 1H, NH, disappeared with D_2O exchange),

2.65 (t, 2H, n-butyl), 1.65 (m, 2H, n-butyl), 2.1(s, 3H, COCH₃), 1.4 (m, 2H, n-butyl) 1.1 (s, 3H, n-butyl). **Mass (m/z):** 274(M⁺; 43), 217 (M-C₄H₉, 18), 202 (217-CH₃, 48).

4-/(4-Iso-butyl) Phenyl/-2- (N-acetyl Amino) Thiazole (3t)

(55%), m.p. 189–192°C. (Found C, 65.71; H, 6.58; N, 10.20; S, 11.65%. C₁₅H₁₈N₂OS requires C, 65.69; H, 6.56; N, 10.21; S, 11.67%). **IR (cm⁻¹):** 3237 (NH), 1654 (C=O), 1575, 1557, 1490. **PMR (CDCl₃, δ ppm):** 7.8 (d, 2H, Ar-H ortho to thiazole), 7.2 (d, 2H, Ar-H ortho to isobutyl), 7.1(s, 1H, thiazole-H), 11.8 (br, s, 1H, NH), 2.5(d, 2H, benzylic), 1.9(m, 1H, CH), 1.75 (s, 3H, COCH₃), 0.9(d, 6H, CH₃), **Mass (m/z):** 274(M⁺; 52), 232 (M-CH₂CO, 78), 189(232-C₃H₇, 100), 147(189-NCNCH₂, 17).

4-/(4-Ter-butyl) Phenyl/-2-(N-acetyl Amino) Thiazole (3u)

(64%), m.p. 232–235°C. (Found C, 65.67; H, 6.54; N, 10.19; S, 11.68%. C₁₅H₁₈N₂OS requires C, 65.69; H, 6.56; N, 10.21; S, 11.67%). **IR (cm⁻¹):** 3230 (NH), 1660 (C=O), 1571, 1556, and 1491. **PMR (DMSO-d₆, δ ppm):** 7.8 (d, 2H, Ar-H ortho to thiazole), 7.4 (d, 2H, Ar-H ortho to ter-butyl), 7.1(s, 1H, thiazole-H), 11.2–11.6 (br, s, 1H, NH disappeared with D₂O), 1.8 (d, 3H, COCH₃ coalesced to a singlet with D₂O exchange), 1.4 (s, 9H, CH₃), **Mass (m/z):** 274(M⁺; 62), 259(M-CH₃, 22), 232 (M-CH₂CO, 69), 217(232-CH₃ or M-C₄H₉, 100), 189(217-CO, 12).

4-/(4-N-butyl)/Phenyl/- 2-(Diamino Methyleneimino) Thiazole (4a)

(42%), m.p. 256–258°C. (Found C, 61.33; H, 6.57; N, 20.41; S, 11.65%. C₁₄H₁₈N₄S requires C, 61.31; H, 6.56; N, 20.43; S, 11.67%). **(IR cm⁻¹):** 3425–3116, 1657, 1649, 1599, 1549, and 1484. **PMR (CDCl₃+DMSO-d₆, δ ppm):** 7.7 (d, 2H, Ar-H, ortho to thiazole), 7.2 (d, 2H, Ar-H, ortho to n-butyl), 6.75 (s, 1H, thiazole-H), 6.0–7.0 (br, s, 4H, NH₂, disappeared with D₂O), 2.65 (t, 2H, benzylic), 1.6(m, 2H, H-13), 1.35 (m, 2H, H-14), 0.95 (t, 3H, CH₃). **Mass (m/z):** 274 (M⁺; 100), 257 (M-NH₃, 61), 232 (M-C₃H₆ or M-NCNH₂, 27), 214 (257-C₃H₇, 80), 189 (232-C₃H₇, 60) 147 (189-NCNH₂, 29).

4-/(4-Iso-butyl) Phenyl/-2-(Diamino Methyleneimino) Thiazole (4b)

(35%), m.p. 238–240°C. (Found C, 61.29; H, 6.56; N, 20.41; S, 11.68%. C₁₄H₁₈N₄S requires C, 61.31; H, 6.56; N, 20.43; S, 11.67%). **(IR cm⁻¹):** 3440–3172, 1601, 1649, 1536, 1500, and 1460. **PMR (DMSO-d₆, δ ppm):** 7.75 (d, 2H, Ar-H, ortho to thiazole), 7.2 (d, 2H, Ar-H, ortho to Isobutyl), 7.05 (s, 1H, thiazole-H), 6.8–7.0 (br, s, 4H, NH₂, disappeared with D₂O), 2.45 (d, 2H, benzylic), 1.82–2.0(m, 1H, CH(CH₃)₂),

0.9 (d, 6H, CH₃). **Mass (m/z):** 274 (M⁺; 43), 257 (M-NH₃, 17), 232 (M-C₃H₆ or M-NCNH₂, 44), 189 (232-C₃H₇, 100), 147 (189-NCNH₂, 19).

4-/(4-Ter-butyl) Phenyl/-2-(Diamino Methyleneimino) Thiazole (4c)

(35%), m.p. 242–243°C. (Found C, 61.30; H, 6.57; N, 20.41; S, 11.68%. C₁₄H₁₈N₄S requires C, 61.31; H, 6.56; N, 20.43; S, 11.67%). (**IR cm⁻¹**): 3445–3435, 1599, 1649, 1558, and 1497. **PMR (CDCl₃, δ ppm):** 7.80 (d, 2H, Ar-H, ortho to thiazole), 7.45 (d, 2H, Ar-H, ortho to terbutyl), 7.15 (s, 1H, thiazole-H), 6.95–7.15 (br, s, 4H, NH₂, disappeared with D₂O), 1.35 (s, 9H, CH₃). **Mass (m/z):** 274 (M⁺; 65), 257 (M-NH₃, 20), 242 (257-CH₃), 232 (M-C₃H₆ or M-NCNH₂, 59), 217 (M-C₄H₉, 100), 189 (232-NCNH₂, H, 18) 175 (232-C₄H₉, 15).

4-/(4-N-butyl) Phenyl/-2-(N-methyl-N-acetyl Amino) Thiazole (5a)

(41%), m.p. 119–121°C. (Found C, 66.70; H, 6.95; N, 9.70; S, 11.09%. C₁₆H₂₀N₂OS requires C, 66.66; H, 6.94; N, 9.72; S, 11.11%). (**IR cm⁻¹**): 3115 (CH), 1663 (C=O), 1542, and 1491. **PMR (CDCl₃, δ ppm):** 7.80 (d, 2H, Ar-H, ortho to thiazole), 7.20 (d, 2H, ortho to ter butyl), 7.1 (s, 1H, thiazole-H), 3.8 (s, 3H, NCH₃), 2.65 (t, 2H, benzylic), 2.4 (s, 3H, COCH₃), 1.6 (m, 2H, CH₂), 1.4(m, 2H, -CH₂-), 0.9 (t, 3H, CH₃). **Mass (m/z):** 288 (M⁺; 39), 246 (M-CH₂CO, 100), 203 (246-C₃H₇, 77).

4-/(4-Iso-butyl) Phenyl/-2-(N-methyl-N-acetyl Amino) Thiazole (5b)

(38%), m.p. 130–132°C. (Found C, 66.63; H, 6.92; N, 9.75; S, 11.14%. C₁₆H₂₀N₂OS requires C, 66.66; H, 6.94; N, 9.72; S, 11.11%). (**IR cm⁻¹**): 3108 (CH), 1670 (C=O), 1536, and 1493. **PMR (CDCl₃, δ ppm):** 7.80 (d, 2H, Ar-H, ortho to thiazole), 7.20 (d, 2H, ortho to ter butyl), 7.1 (s, 1H, thiazole-H), 3.8 (s, 3H, NCH₃), 2.5 (d, 2H, benzylic), 2.4 (s, 3H, COCH₃), 1.9 (m, 1H, CH(CH₃)₂), 0.9 (d, 6H, CH₃). **Mass (m/z):** 289 (MH⁺, 42), 288 (M⁺; 47), 246 (M-CH₂CO, 97), 203 (246-C₃H₇, 100).

4-/(4-Ter-butyl) Phenyl/-2-(N-methyl-N-acetyl Amino) Thiazole (5c)

(52%), m.p. 120–122°C. (Found C, 66.68; H, 6.97; N, 9.71; S, 11.13%. C₁₆H₂₀N₂OS requires C, 66.66; H, 6.94; N, 9.72; S, 11.11%). (**IR cm⁻¹**): 3112 (CH), 1668 (C=O), 1536, and 1493. **PMR (CDCl₃, δ ppm):** 7.80 (d, 2H, Ar-H, ortho to thiazole), 7.50 (d, 2H, ortho to ter butyl), 7.1 (s, 1H, thiazole-H), 3.8 (s, 3H, NCH₃), 2.4 (s, 3H, COCH₃), 1.4 (s, 9H, CH₃). **Mass (m/z):** 288 (M⁺; 37), 246 (M-CH₂CO, 89), 231 (M-C₄H₉, 100).

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